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Title:

The Political and Military Role of Prince Zeid Al-Hussein's in the big Arabic Revolution in Syria and Iraq (1916-1958)

Abstract:

This study examined the role of Prince Zeid Bin Al Hussein's military in the Great Arab Revolt against the Ottoman Empire between (1916-1918) as a military leader and is still in the nineteenth-old since fought many battles within the Hijaz and abroad, and after the end of military revolution operations turn to Syria to begin a new role represented his entry into politics and contribute to the events experienced by Syria during the rule Faisaly from October 1918 until August 1920 during that period he took behalf of his brother, Prince Faisal twice to run the country after the recent travel to Europe to demand the rights of the Arabs before the Magistrates' conference held in Paris, Zaid also played during that era, the post of prime minister that the ministry formed under the name of (government managers) After submitting the resignation of the ministry undertook the post of Commander in Chief of the Arab forces in Syria, after the referee Faisaly fell turn to Hijaz where he remained for a period of time helps his father manage its affairs and then was invited by his brother, King Faisal I to Iraq, he played a major role in maintaining the north of Iraq Turkish ambitions and Alchbthat, was what many assume representation on the throne in multiple periods between 1922-1958, He was also promised an important diplomatic posts in foreign embassies of Iraq as the first Minister Plenipotentiary of Iraq in Ankara and the first minister plenipotentiary in Germany and then years consul in, and also as ambassador to Iraq in London until the revolution of July 14, 1958, and was often his honorable positions in managing the affairs of the country whenever I turn on the throne , the study has focused on these important roles between the 1916-1958 period, then it is considered the top military, political and diplomatic activity.